The Oregon Family Leave Act (OFLA) requires employers of 25 or more employees to provide eligible workers with protected leave to care for themselves or family members in cases of death, illness, injury, childbirth and adoption.

ORS 659A.150 to 659A.186

**When can an Employee take Family Leave?**

Employees can take family leave for the following reasons:

- **Parental Leave** during the year following the birth of a child or adoption or foster placement of a child under 18, or a child 18 or older if incapable of self-care because of a mental or physical disability. Parental leave includes leave to effectuate the legal process required for foster placement or adoption.

- **Serious health condition leave** for the employee’s own serious health condition, or to care for a spouse, parent, child, parent-in-law, grandparent, grandchild or same gender domestic partner with a serious health condition. NOTE: Does not include an employee unable to work due to a compensable Workers Compensation injury.

- **Pregnancy disability leave** (a form of serious health condition leave) taken by a female employee for an incapacity related to pregnancy or childbirth, occurring before or after the birth of the child, or for prenatal care.

- **Sick child leave** taken to care for an employee’s child with an illness or injury that requires home care but is not a serious health condition.

- **Bereavement leave** to deal with the death of a family member.

- **Oregon Military Family Leave** is taken by the spouse or same gender domestic partner of a service member who has been called to active duty or notified of an impending call to active duty or is on leave from active duty during a period of military conflict.

**Who is Eligible?**

To be eligible for leave, workers must be employed for the 180 day calendar period immediately preceding the leave and have worked at least an average of 25 hours per week during the 180-day period.

**Exception 1:** For parental leave, workers are eligible after being employed for 180 calendar days, without regard to the number of hours worked.

**Exception 2:** For Oregon Military Family Leave, workers are eligible if they have worked at least an average of 20 hours per week, without regard to the duration of employment.

**How much Leave can an Employee take?**

- Employees are generally entitled to a maximum of 12 weeks of family leave within the employer’s 12-month leave year.

- A woman using pregnancy disability leave is entitled to 12 additional weeks of leave in the same leave year for any qualifying OFLA purpose.

- A man or woman using a full 12 weeks of parental leave is entitled to take up to 12 additional weeks for the purpose of sick child leave.

- Employees are entitled to 2 weeks of bereavement leave to be taken within 60 days of the death of a covered family member.

- A spouse or same gender domestic partner of a service member is entitled to a total of 14 days of leave per deployment after the military spouse has been notified of an impending call or order to active duty and before deployment.

- Employees are entitled to 2 weeks of bereavement leave to be taken within 60 days of the death of a covered family member.

- A woman using pregnancy disability leave is entitled to 12 additional weeks in the same leave year for any qualifying OFLA purpose.

**What Notice is Required?**

Employees are required to give 30 days notice in advance of leave, unless the leave is taken for an emergency. Employers may require that notice is given in writing. In an emergency, employees must give verbal notice within 24 hours of starting a leave.

**Is Family Leave Paid or Unpaid?**

Although Family Leave is unpaid, employees are entitled to use any accrued paid vacation, sick or other paid leave.

**How is an Employee’s job Protected?**

Employers must return employees to their former jobs or to equivalent jobs if the former position no longer exists. However, employees on OFLA leave are still subject to nondiscriminatory employment actions such as layoff or discipline that would have been taken without regard to the employee’s leave.

**FOR ADDITIONAL INFORMATION:**

- **BOLI Civil Rights Division**
  800 NE Oregon, #1045
  Portland, OR 97232
  bolita@boli.state.or.us

- **Employer Assistance**
  971-673-9824
  971-673-0761
  541-866-7623
  503-378-3292
  www.oregon.gov/BOLI

This is a summary of laws relating to Oregon Family Leave Act. It is not a complete text of the law.